

# CK-MB

## (Creatine Kinase - MB)

### Op. DGKC / Mod. IFCC

Test for the quantitative determination of CK-MB in human serum and plasma.  
 Liquid, Dual reagents. Store at 2°C - 8°C. Do not freeze. For in Vitro Diagnostic Use.

Ref No	Pack	Ref No	Pack	Ref No	Pack	Ref No	Pack
A2150	5 x 50 mL	R2150	2885 Tests	K2151	2727 Tests	S2150	3077 Tests
A2151	5 x 25 mL	R2151	962 Tests	BY2150	6136 Tests	S2151	1477 Tests
A2152	5 x 10 MI	N2150	880 Tests	BY2151	4091 Tests	L2150	3750 Tests
01R88-31	3385 Tests	N2151	440 Tests	M4150	2392 Tests	L2151	2000 Tests
01R85-21	1795 Tests	K2150	5455 Tests	M2151	1675 Tests	L2152	225ml
		TB2150	300 mL	TB2151	150 mL	DM2150	1020 Tests

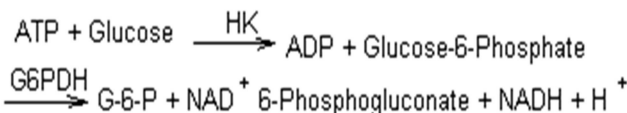
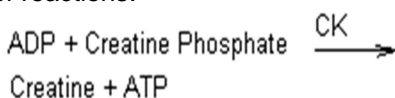
\* 01R88-31 / 01R88-21 Ref Number Products are Produced Specifically for Abbott Architect Biochemistry Analyzer Series

#### INTENDED USE

Test for the quantitative determination of CK-MB in human serum and plasma.

#### TEST PRINCIPLE

The sample is incubated in the CK-MB reagent which includes the anti-CK-MM antibody. The activity of the noninhibited CK-MB (Myocard – Brain) is then determined using the following series of reactions:



CK-B catalyses the reversible phosphorylation of ADP in the presence of creatine phosphate, to form ATP and creatine. The auxiliary enzyme hexokinase (HK) catalyzes the phosphorylation of glucose by the ATP format, to produce ADP and glucose-6-phosphate (G-6-P) is oxidized to 6-phosphogluconate with the concomitant production of NADH. The rate of NADH formation, measured at 340 nm, is directly proportional to serum CK-B activity.

#### TEST PARAMETERS

Method : Kinetic  
 Wavelength : Main: 340 nm – Sub: 450 nm  
 Sample : Serum, Plasma  
 Linearity : 3 U/L – 1000 U/L  
 Inhibition force : 6000 U/L

#### REAGENT COMPOSITION

Components	Concentration
<b>Reagent 1</b>	
Imidazole pH 6.7	≤ 132 mmol/L
Glucose	≤ 24 mmol/L
N-Acetylcystein	≤ 27.6 mmol/L
Magnesiumacetate	≤ 12 mmol/L
EDTA	≤ 2,52 mmol/L
ADP	≤ 3 mmol/L
NADP	≤ 2,76 mmol/L
AMP	≤ 6 mmol/L
Diadenosinpentaphosphate	≤ 13.2 µmol/L
Glucose-6-Phosphate-Dehydrogenase	≥ 1.5 kU/L
Hexokinase	≥ 2.5 kU/L
CK-MM (human) inhibiting polyclonal antibodies (sheep) inhibiting capacity	≥ 33.3 µkat/L
<b>Reagent 2</b>	
Creatinephosphate	≤ 223 mmol/L
Imidazole pH 6.7	≤ 132 mmol/L
Glucose	≤ 24 mmol/L

Magnesiumacetate	≤ 12	mmol/L
EDTA	≤ 2,52	mmol/L

## REAGENT PREPARATION

**Working Reagents:** The stability of the working reagent lasts for 10 days at 2°C - 8°C (Differences may be seen on board stability of working reagent from analyzer to analyzer in compliance with cooling, evaporation degree) and for 24 hours at room temperature.

### Sample start:

Mix 4 parts of Reagent 1 with 1 part of Reagent 2. For example: 4 ml Reagent 1 and 1 ml Reagent 2.

### Substrate Start:

Reagent 1 is liquid, Reagent 2 is liquid. For manual working procedures; if working reagent will be used; first shake Reagent 2 vial gently then pouring its contents to reagent 1 vial according to ratio. It is advisable to wash the Reagent 2 vial with a small volume of the prepared mixture in order to completely rinse the vial and avoid any losses.

## REAGENT STABILITY AND STORAGE

Store unopened and opened reagents at 2°C - 8°C. Protect from light. Note expiration date on the label. Close immediately after use. Avoid contamination of the opened reagents. Incompetent handling will release ARCHEM from any responsibility.

On board Stability: Reagent 1 and Reagent 2: 3 Weeks.

There is a strong relation between on board stability and analyzers cooling specification and carry-over values.

## SAMPLE

Serum and plasma are collected by standard procedures. Collect serum using standard sampling tubes.

CK-MB in serum is stable for 8 hours at 15-25 °C, 3 days at 2-8°C, 4 weeks at -15/ -25 °C (serum), 8 days at -15/ -25 °C (plasma).

For reagents which are related antigen antibody interaction, do not shake the sample, R2, control and calibrator; just gently mix.

## TEST PROCEDURE

### Sample Start

In case of request, ready application procedures dedicated to different kind of photometers and ready manual working procedures can be supplied.

In case of request, ready application procedures dedicated to different kind of biochemistry auto analyzers can be supplied.

### Substrate Start

In case of request, ready application procedures dedicated to different kind of biochemistry auto analyzers can be supplied.

## CALCULATION

$\Delta A/\text{min} \times \text{factor} = \text{U/L CK-MB in sample.}$   
 Factor for: 340 nm = 5600

### Unit Conversion

$\text{CKMB } \mu\text{kat/L} * 60 = \text{CKMB U/L}$

## REFERENCE INTERVALS (NORMAL VALUES)

CK-MB	< 24 U/L* (0.40 $\mu\text{kat/L}$ )
CK Men	< 174 U/L* (2.90 $\mu\text{kat/L}$ )
CK Women	< 140 U/L* (2.33 $\mu\text{kat/L}$ )

The CK-MB-activity accounts for 6-25% of the total CK activity in generally.

If MI is suspected but the values obtained are below the specified limits, a fresh infarct may have occurred. In this case, tests should be repeated after 4 hours.

CK varies with physical activity level and race in healthy individuals.

Each laboratory should investigate the transferability of the expected values to its own patient population and if necessary determine its own reference range. For diagnostic purposes the CK results should always be assayed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

**CKMB values are composed brain (B) and myocardial (M) creatinin kinase activity. Increased CKMB activity is not direct evidence of myocardial injury, infarct and damage. Also may sourced brain injury and many other effects. Not only the findings of a single test result but also an integration of both clinical and laboratory data should be used in clinical diagnosis.**

## QUALITY CONTROL AND CALIBRATION

A laboratory may establish its own Control Serum by assaying the sera a sufficient number of times to

generate a valid mean and acceptable range. All control sera with CK-MB values determined by this method can be used. Archem ready controls are;

ACK3930 (01R92-01) CK-MB Control Level I 2 mL  
 ACK3940 (01R93-01) CK-MB Control Level II 2 mL

Quality control is recommended every morning. Calibration is not recommended if QC control values are acceptable. Reagent should be calibrated after lot changes.

**Calibrator:**

The use of a CK - MB Calibrator (for automated Systems) is optional.

ACK3950 (01R94-01) Archem CK-MB Calibrator 2 mL is used to calibration. Calibration frequency: Two point calibration is recommended (First point is BLANK)

- after reagent lot change
- as required following quality control procedures disposal.

All calibrators with CK - MB values determined by this method may be used.

\*Each laboratory should establish its own internal Quality Control scheme and procedures for corrective action if controls do not recover within the acceptable tolerances.

**PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

**Low Linearity (LOQ) / High Linearity:** That is approximately 10-1000 U/L.

If  $\Delta$  Absorbance/min is greater than 0.22 dilute the sample with physiological NaCl (150 mmol/L) and rerun with multiplying the result by the dilution factor.

Considerable variation may be seen in linearity depending on the analyzer model and application method.

**Precision Studies (Based on CLSI EP5 Doc.):**

**Repeatability (within run) (intra-assay):**

Mean conc.	SD	CV%
85.2	2.52	2.86
303.5	7.56	2.41

**Reproducibility (run to run) (inter-assay):**

Mean conc.	SD	CV%
69.8	1.31	1.83
101.3	2.08	2.04

**Sensitivity (LOD) (Based on CLSI EP17 document):**

Based on an instrument resolution of A = 0.001, this procedure has a sensitivity of 4 U/L.

**Trueness:** No systematic differences seen in results obtained with this reagent when compared with reference reagents. It's available to get details of comparison experiments in case of requirement.

An analyzer has been used to obtain these performance characteristics. Usage of different analyzer or a manual procedure may cause the variance in results.

**NOTES**

1. For in vitro diagnostic use only. Do not pipette by mouth. Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes.
2. All the calibrators, controls and some reagents must be considered as human & animal sample, so potentially infectious; all the

protection actions must be applied to avoid any potential biological risk.

3. Material safety data sheet will be supplied on request.
4. Exercise the normal precautions required for handling laboratory reagents.
5. After measurements are taken, reagent bottles should cap and kept at 2-8°C. Caps of the reagents bottles cannot be used between two different kind of reagent and between R1 & R2.
6. Reagents with different lot numbers should not be interchanged or mixed.
7. The linearity limit depends on the sample to reagent ratio.

**Prior to the CK-MB assay, the total CK activity should be determined CK NAC method. The antibody is capable of inhibiting up to 6000U/I CK-MM subunit (37°C). Accordingly, CK-MM activities up to 6000 U/L (37°C) are completely inhibited. Therefore, samples with total CK activities above 6000U/L (37°C) require dilution because complete inhibition is no longer assured.**

**PRECAUTIONS AND WASTE DISPOSAL**

This product is made to be used in professional laboratories and by professional operators. Perform the test according to the general GLP guidelines.

R36/38 : Irritating to eyes and skin.

S20/21 : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

S26 : In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S28 : After contact with skin wash immediately with plenty of water.

S36/37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 : In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.

S56 : Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

S57 : Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

S61 : Avoid release in environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Please consult local regulations for a correct waste disposal.

### ABBREVIATIONS

CK-MB : Creatine Kinase MB

CLSI : Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute

CV% : Coefficient of Variation Percentage

EP : Evaluation Protocols

GLP : Good Laboratory Practice

IU : International Unit

mA : miliabsorbance

mL : milliliter





NCCLS: National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards

QC : Quality Control

### REFERENCES

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### SYMBOLS

<b>IVD</b>	Only for in vitro diagnostic use
<b>LOT</b>	Lot of manufacturing
<b>R1</b>	Reagent 1
<b>R2</b>	Reagent 2
<b>CONC</b>	Concentration
<b>SN</b>	Serial Number
<b>INGRED</b>	Reagent Ingredients
<b>REF</b>	References
	Expiration date
	Storage temperature interval
	Read the directions
	Biological risk

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